**Correlation & Regression – Introduction**

**Correlation is the relationship between two variables.**

**Regression is estimating one variable conditioned on another variable.**

**. . .**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Fundamentals of Mechanics**  Consider a paired random sample for random variables X and Y with a sample size of n. | | |
| . . . | | |
| Example. Five subjects were asked miles and minutes to arrive at a destination.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Subject | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Sum |  | | X=Miles | 1 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 20 | = S X | | Y=Minutes | 4 | 6 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 65 | = S Y | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | X\*X | 1 | 9 | 9 | 25 | 64 | 108 | = S X2 | | Y\*Y | 16 | 36 | 400 | 225 | 400 | 1077 | = S Y2 | | X\*Y | 4 | 18 | 60 | 75 | 160 | 317 | = S X\*Y |   . . . | | |
| Sample Size, n=5  Sample Mean   |  | | --- | | X = S X / n = 20/5 = 4  Y = S Y / n = 65/5 = 13 |   . . . | SS = Sum of Squares of Error = Sum of Squared Errors   |  | | --- | | SSXX= ( X –X )2 = X2–(X)\*(X)/n = 108–20\*20/5 = 28  SSYY= ( Y –Y )2 = Y2–(Y)\*(Y)/n = 1077–65\*65/5 = 232  SSXY= ( X –X )\*( Y –Y ) = X\*Y–(X)\*(Y)/n = 317–20\*65/5 = 57 |   . . . | |
| Sample Variance   |  | | --- | | S2X = SSXX / (n–1) = 28/(5-1) = 7  S2Y = SSYY / (n–1) = 232/(5-1) = 58 |   Sample Standard Deviation   |  | | --- | | SX = √( SSXX/(n–1) ) = √7  SY = √( SSYY/(n–1) ) = √58 |   . . . | | Sample Covariance   |  | | --- | | Cov(X,Y) = SSXY / (n–1) = 57/(5–1) = 14.25 |   Sample Correlation   |  | | --- | | r = SSXY/sqrt(SSXX\*SSYY) = 57/sqrt(28\*232) ≈ 0.7072  where (–1 ≤ r ≤ +1)  Notice, r = Cov(X,Y)/( SX \* SY ) |   . . . |
| Regression   |  | | --- | | Regress Y on X.  Dependent variable, Y, is regressed on independent variable, X.  Use X to estimate mean of Y. E[Y|X].  Simple Linear Regression Model, E[Y|X] = b0+b1\*X + e  ( b0 & b1 are parameters. The error term, e~N(m,s2) )  Simple Linear Regression Equation, Y=b0+b1\*X  ( b0 & b1 are estimates of the parameters b0 & b1 )  b1 = SSXY / SSXX  = 57/28 ≈ 2.0357  b0 =Y–b1 \*X = 13-(57/28) \* 4 ≈ 4.8571  Regression Equation: Y ≈ 4.8571 + 2.0357 \* X  . . . |   . . . | | |